

Episode 3
Financial Projection
Part 2

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Revenue

- Revenue Stream/s
- Price Strategy:
 - a) Selling Price
 - b) Variable Cost
 - c) Weightages
 - d) Breakeven point



Revenue:

Definition: The total amount of income generated by the sale of goods and/or services related to the company's primary operations.

Revenue Stream/s:

The various sources from which a business earns money from the sale of goods and/or provision of services.

*Types of revenue streams depends on the type and the module of the business.

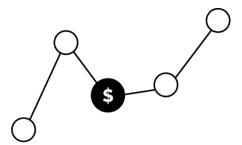
Pricing Strategy



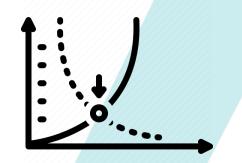
Selling Price



Weightages



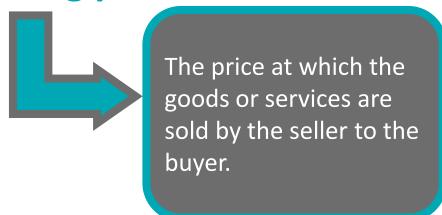
Variable Cost/ COGS/ Direct Cost



Breakeven point

Pricing Strategy

Selling price:



 Variable Cost / COGS / Direct Cost:

The expense that changes in proportion to production output.

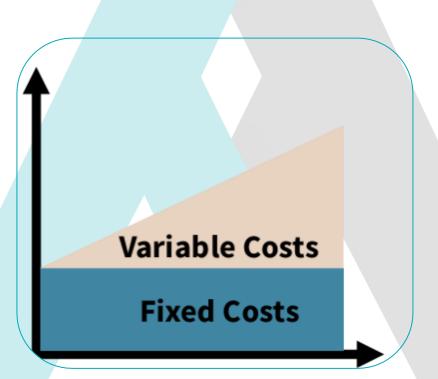
Pricing Strategy

Difference between Fixed Cost & Variable Cost:

a) Fixed Cost: Rent, Employee Salaries, insurance, etc...

b) Variable Cost: Raw Materials, Packaging, etc...





Pricing Strategy

Weightage:

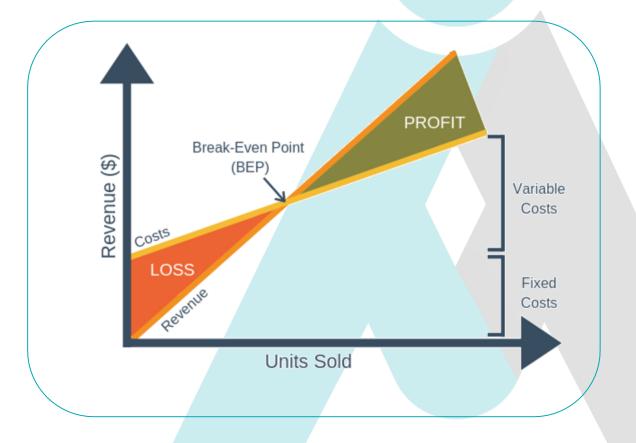
The percent of the contribution that each of the goods and/or services offered contribute to the business.



Pricing Strategy

Breakeven point:





Profit & Loss (P&L)

- Gross Profit
- Net Profit

Cash Flow



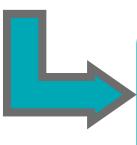
Profit & Loss:

Definition: A financial statement that summarizes the revenues, variable costs, and fixed expenses incurred during a specified period, usually a fiscal quarter or year.

Contd. Profit & Loss:

P&L

• Gross Profit:



The profit a company makes after deducting only the direct costs associated with making and selling its products and/or services.

Gross Profit:

- a) Revenue: The total amount of money generated from sales for the period.
- b) Cost of Goods Sold (COGS): The direct costs associated with producing goods.

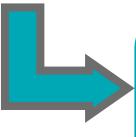
Formula: a – b

Gross Profit = Revenue – Cost of Goods Sold

Contd. Profit & Loss:

P&L

Net Profit / Net Earnings:



The amount of money made by a company for a particular period after paying all the expenses; costs, taxes, etc...

*To calculate net profit, you must know your company's gross profit.

Net Profit:

- a) Gross Profit
- b) Fixed Expenses: Cost, Tax, etc...

Formula: a - b

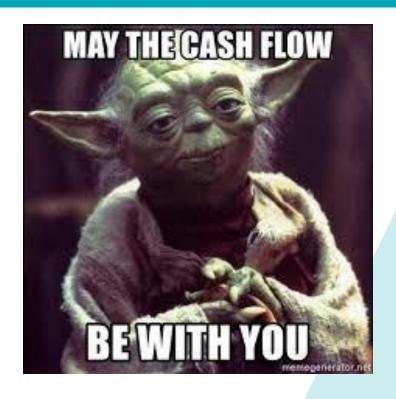
Net Profit = Gross Profit - Fixed Expenses

(Revenue – Cost of Goods Sold) - Fixed Expenses



Cash Flow:

Definition: The net amount of cash and cash-equivalents being transferred into and out of a business.



To Conclude:



